

## Web Audio Evaluation Tool - Bug #1630

### DOMParser returns document in case of syntax error

2016-02-23 02:00 PM - Giulio Moro

<b>Status:</b>	New	<b>Start date:</b>	2016-02-23
<b>Priority:</b>	Normal	<b>Due date:</b>	
<b>Assignee:</b>		<b>% Done:</b>	0%
<b>Category:</b>		<b>Estimated time:</b>	0.00 hour
<b>Target version:</b>			

#### Description

in core.js

```
var parser = new DOMParser();
var xmlDoc = parser.parseFromString(xmlhttp.responseText, "application/xml");
if (xmlDoc == null)
{
    createProjectSave('null');
}
var response = xmlDoc.childNodes[0];
if (response.getAttribute('state') == "OK")
{
    var file = response.getElementsByTagName('file')[0];
    console.log('Save OK: Filename '+file.textContent+', '+file.getAttribute('bytes')+'B');
    popup.showPopup();
    popup.popupContent.innerHTML = null;
    popup.popupContent.textContent = "Thank you!";
} else {
    var message = response.getElementsByTagName('message')[0];
    errorSessionDump(message.textContent);
}
```

if (xmlhttp.responseText === ""), then parseFromString does not throw exceptions, rather it returns a well-formed xml document containing an error message.

I experienced that sometimes when something wrong happens with the server then xmlhttp.responseText=="" , at which point the next few lines do not work as expected.

In particular, if (xmlDoc == null) does not make sense because it is never going to be (as mentioned , in case of error xmlDoc will be an xml-formatted error message).